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L2
    ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN
    1999:699081 CAPLUS
DN
    131:314219
TI
    Compositions containing Echinacea extracts and antiallergic
    agents for common cold
IN
    Asano, Toshinori; Sakata, Yasuko
PA
    Taisho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
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PΙ
    JP 11302189
                    A2
                                        JP 1998-110797 19980421
                          19991102
PRAI JP 1998-110797
                         19980421
    Compns. contg. Echinacea exts. and antiallergic agents selected
    from carbinoxamine maleate, chlorpheniramine maleate, brompheniramine
    maleate, ketotifen fumarate, epinastine-HCl and mequitazine for common
    cold are claimed. Tablets were formulated contg. acetoaminophen 900,
    codeine phosphate 18, methylepherin HCl 60, carbinoxamine maleate 12,
    Echinacea purpurea exts. 24, guaifenesin 125, anhyd.
    caffeine 50, lactose 275, low-substitution hydroxypropylcellulose 275,
    magnesium stearate 32 and hardened castor oil 29 g.
    ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
L2
    1998:728292 CAPLUS
AN
DN
    130:17232
    Common cold medicines containing Echinacea and antipyretic
TT
    analgesics
IN
    Sakata, Yasuko; Okuhira, Ichiro; Sumida, Kenji
PΑ
    Taisho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
T.A
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
    -----
                                        -----
    JP 10298088
                    A2
PΙ
                                        JP 1997-107849 19970424
                          19981110
PRAI JP 1997-107849
                          19970424
    Oral compns. contg. Echinacea ext. and antipyretic analgesics at
    the wt. ratio of 1 to (0.1-50) do not have bitterness, therefore are
    effective as a remedy for common cold with patients' compliance. A tablet
     (300 mg each) was obtained from a mixt. contg. acetaminophen 900,
    dihydrocodeine phosphate 24, methylephedrine.cntdot.HCl 60,
    chlorpheniramine maleate 6, Echinacea ext. 24,
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guaifenesin 125, anhyd. caffeine 50, lactose 275, hydroxypropyl
cellulose 275, Mg stearate 35, hydrogenated castor oils 26 q.

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ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
L_4
AN
    2001:114960 CAPLUS
DN
    134:168363
TI
    Echinacea binder for pharmaceutical compositions
    First, Sigal; Yamin, Rina
TN
PA
    Cts Chemical Industries Ltd., Israel
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
                    A1 20010215 WO 2000-IL412 20000713
    -----
PΙ
    WO 2001010415
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
            HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
            LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
            SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
            YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
            DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                    A1 20020502 EP 2000-944197 20000713
    EP 1200069
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
PRAI IL 1999-131317
                   A 19990809
    WO 2000-IL412
                     W
                          20000713
    Pharmaceutical compns., which contain a binder that comprises a
AΒ
    binding-effective amt. of Echinacea prepn. are described.
    Paracetamol tablets were prepd. with Echinacea as a single
    binder.
RE.CNT 4
             THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 15 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ΑN
    1998:776655 CAPLUS
DN-
    130:29238
    Pharmaceutical compositions containing NSAIDS
ΤI
IN
    Barrett, David Michael; Jones, Huw Lyn; Jones, Idwal; Smith, Carl Simon
    The Boots Company PLC, UK
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                    ----
                                         ----
PI
    WO 9852540
                     A1 19981126
                                        WO 1998-EP3179 19980522
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
            DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,
            KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
            NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
            FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
            CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                        AU 1998-81079
     AU 9881079
                     A1 19981211
                                                           19980522
PRAI GB 1997-10505 ·
                           19970522
     GB 1997-10527
                           19970522
     GB 1997-10544
                           19970522
     WO 1998-EP3179
                           19980522
AΒ
     The present invention relates to the use of an NSAID selected from
     ibuprofen, naproxen, ketoprofen, diclofenac, piroxicam and indomethacin in
     the treatment of the symptoms of cold and flu particularly sore throat.
     The method consists of administration to a patient of a pharmaceutical
     compn. in the form of a masticable or suckable solid dosage form or a liq.
     or a spray contg. a therapeutically effective amt. of the NSAID which
     releases the NSAID in the oral cavity so as to deliver the NSAID to the
     surface of the sore throat. The compn. may also contain (a)
     therapeutically effective amt. of 1 or more active ingredients selected
     from an antihistamine, a cough suppressant, a decongestant, an
     expectorant, a muscle relaxant, a centrally acting analgesic, a local
     anesthetic, an antibacterial compd., an antiviral compd., an antibiotic
     compd., an antifungal compd., minerals and vitamins and/or (b) a
     burn-masking amt. of an agent which has a warming effect on the mucosa of
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RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FO

vis) and flavoring q.v.

the throat. Thus, a lozenge contained CaCO3 7.5, PVP 1.43, aerosil 0.036, Mg stearate 0.18, isomalt 1885, lycasin 440 mg, ketoprofen q.v. (quantum

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L10 ANSWER 50 OF 54 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
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AN 1991:415595 CAPLUS

DN 115:15595

TI Sustained-release pharmaceutical preparation having coated drug microparticles

IN Eichel, Herman J.; Massmann, Brent D.

PA Kinaform Technology, Inc., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	'NT	T										
	PATENT NO.				KIND		DATE			API	PLICATION NO	O. DATE
PI	EP 391518			A2		19901010			EP	1990-301065	5 19900201	
	EP 391518			A3		19910508						
EP 391518			B1		19930929							
		R:	CH,	DE,	FR,	GB,	, IT,	LI,	NL,	SE		
	US	5026	559		Α		1991	0625		US	1989-33215	4 19890403
	HU	74088 214576			A2	1996	1128		HU	1990-583	19900130	
	HU				В		1998		0428			
	UΑ	9050792		A1	1990	1004	AU		1990-50792	19900306		
	ΑU	6225	26		B2	2	1992	0409				
•	JP	0228	9512		A2	2	1990	1129		JP	1990-73152	19900322
	DD	2999	46		A	5	1992	0514		DD	1990-33932	5 19900402
PRAI	US 1989-332154					1989	0403					

AB A sustained-release pharmaceutical prepn. comprises an admixt. of uncoated, single-walled coated, and multi-walled coated microparticles of a drug. The microparticle structure preferably has a core drug, an inner wall microencapsular enteric coating (e.g. polymethacrylic acid/acrylic acid copolymer, cellulose acetate phthalate, etc.), a solid acid (e.g. citric acid, adipic acid, acidic ion exchange resin, etc.) layered onto or included in the enteric layer, and an outer wall microencapsulated control coating (e.g. polymethacrylic acid ester copolymer or Et cellulose). The multi-walled coated drug has a delayed, gradual, long-term release which takes place in the intestines while the uncoated and/or single-wall coated drug has immediate therapeutic properties upon dissoln. in the stomach. Varying the thickness of the outer control coat affected the release of dextromethorphan.cntdot.HBr., including a citric acid layer on the inner enteric coating delayed release of the drug.

L10 ANSWER 34 OF 54 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1998:723752 CAPLUS DN 129:347319 TI Sustained release polymer blend matrix for pharmaceutical application Skinner, George William IN PΑ Hercules Incorporated, USA SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 3 APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE ---------------A2 PΙ EP 875245 19981104 EP 1998-107427 19980423 EP 875245 Α3 19990908 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO US 1997-847842 US 6210710 20010403 19970428 В1 NO 9801893 Α NO 1998-1893 19980427 19981029 PRAI US 1997-847842 Α 19970428

AB A pharmaceutical compn. has a blend of at least first and second components and a medicament in a sufficient amt. to be therapeutic where the first component is selected from hydroxypropyl cellulose (HPC), Et cellulose (EC), or derivs. of HPC, EC and hydroxyethyl cellulose (HEC) and the second component is at least one polymer. When HPC is the first component, hydroxypropyl Me cellulose (HPMC), HEC or CM-cellulose will not be the second component and when EC is the first component, HPMC will not be the second component. The medicament can be a variety of drugs or nutritional supplements. The pharmaceutical compn. releases the medicament for a prolonged or sustained period of time and can be formulated into many dosage forms. Formulations of solid oral dosage forms contain phenylpropanolamine and a variety of HPC and CMC or guar.

- L10 ANSWER 45 OF 54 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 7
- AN 1994:182906 BIOSIS
- DN PREV199497195906
- TI Mixed ion pair liquid chromatography method for the simultaneous assay of ascorbic acid, caffeine, chlorpheniramine maleate, dextromethorphan HBr monohydrate and paracetamol in Frenadol-TM sachets.
- AU Thomas, B. R.; Fang, X. G.; Shen, P.; Ghodbane, S. [Reprint author]
- CS Warner-Chilcott Lab., Warner-Lambert Company, 182 Tabor Rd., Morris Plains, NJ 07950, USA
- SO Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis, (1994) Vol. 12, No. 1, pp. 85-90.

  CODEN: JPBADA. ISSN: 0731-7085.
- DT Article
- LA English
- ED Entered STN: 26 Apr 1994 Last Updated on STN: 25 Jun 1994
- AB The five active drug substances and two of the excipients present in Frenadol-TM, a cold medication were separated. The active drug components dextromethorphan HBr monohydrate, ascorbic acid, caffeine, paracetamol and chlorpheniramine maleate were quantitatively assayed by a mixed ion pair LC method. The excipients separated were citric acid and maleic acid. The HPLC assay included dual-wavelength detection to simultaneously quantify the large concentration of paracetamol and the much lower concentration of chlorpheniramine and dextromethorphan. Both tetrabutylammonium hydrogen sulphate (TBA) and pentane sulphonic acid (PSA) were necessary for resolution of the seven compounds. The TBA was necessary to lessen peak tailing for . dextromethorphan and chlorpheniramine, to retain ascorbic acid and to shorten assay time. The pentane sulphonic acid enhanced peak shape for dextromethorphan and chlorpheniramine. The assay of the active drug substances was validated for use in quality control applications. Validation studies demonstrated that the procedure was accurate, linear, precise, reproducible and rugged. The method conformed to both USP and EC validation guidelines.